Village of North Prairie

Financial Statements
Year ended December 31, 2024



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Additional Independent Auditors Report for Basic Financial Statements

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on the Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Village of North Prairie North Prairie, Wisconsin

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of North Prairie ("The Village") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, amount other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as supplemental financial information; are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental financial information and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2025, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Eau Claire, Wisconsin October 10, 2025

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2024

The management's discussion and analysis of the Village of North Prairie financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. The intent of the management discussion and analysis is to look at the Village's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2024 by \$2,503,739 (net position).
- The Village's total net position increased by \$116,124.
- As of December 31, 2024, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$498,563 a net decrease of \$105,718.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$424,468, or 31.60% of the total general fund expenditures for the year.
- The Village's general obligation debt decreased by \$212,792.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The annual financial report consists of four parts:

- 1. Management's Discussion and Analysis
- 2. Basic Financial Statements (Government-wide and Fund Statements)
- 3. Notes to the Financial Statements
- 4. Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements consist of *Government-Wide Financial Statements* and *Fund Statements* that present different views of the Village's financial activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all the of the Village's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, public works, health and human services, culture, recreation and education, and conservation and development.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

It is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains 4 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the government fund balance sheet and in the government fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the ARPA fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major government funds in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. Fiduciary funds maintained by the Village are the tax collection fund which records the tax roll and tax collection of other taxing jurisdictions within the Village.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

The supplementary information is reported on pages 39-45. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements. The combining statements can be found on pages 44-45 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. A summary of the Village's Statement of Net Position is presented below:

		2024		2023
Assets & Deferred Outflows				
Current Assets	\$	1,718,190	\$	1,983,342
Non-Current Assets	Φ	2,083,369	Φ	2,078,427
Non-Current Assets		2,003,307		2,070,427
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	3,801,559	\$	4,061,769
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Liabilities & Deferred Inflows				
Current Liabilities	\$	248,812	\$	615,354
Non-Current Liabilities		-		77,136
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,049,008		1,024,510
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$	1,297,820	\$	1,717,000
N. D. W.				
Net Position			_	. =00 .400
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	2,006,233	\$	1,788,499
Restricted		21,249		6,919
Unrestricted		476,257		549,351
Total Net Position	\$	2,503,739	\$	2,344,769

The Village's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, machinery, infrastructure, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation) less related outstanding debt reflects eighty percent (80%) of the governmental activities of the Village. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources need to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Village net position of \$21,249 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$476,257 represents unrestricted net position which may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table provides a summary of the Village's operations:

Condensed Statement of Activities For Governmental Activities

		Actual 2024	% of Total	Actual 2023	% of Total
Revenues:					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	132,907	8% \$	85,881	6%
Operating grants and contributions		103,471	6%	67,037	5%
General revenues					
Property taxes		1,024,521	63%	1,001,181	75%
General federal and state aid		267,535	17%	101,358	8%
Other		91,416	6%	80,543	6%
Total Revenues	,	1,619,850	100%	1,336,000	100%
Expenses:					
General government		365,315	24%	274,261	20%
Public safety		527,618	35%	499,007	36%
Public works		447,434	30%	489,926	35%
Health and human services		8,861	1%	1,156	0%
Culture, recreation and education		145,116	9%	123,789	9%
Conservation and development		-	0%	187	0%
Interest on long-term debt		9,382	1%	8,330	1%
Total Expenses	,	1,503,726	100%	1,396,656	100%
Change in net position		116,124		(60,656)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	,	2,344,769		2,405,425	
Correction of error		42,846			
Net Position, End of Year	\$	2,503,739	\$	2,344,769	

Revenues

The Village received \$1.62 million in revenue for the 2024 fiscal year. Sixty-three percent (63%) of the Village's total revenue came from property tax. The Village received six percent (6%) in the form of specific use state aid. Eight percent (8%) came from charges for services. Seventeen percent (17%) came from general state aids and six percent (6%) came from other sources.

Expenses

General government services account for twenty-four percent (24%) of total expenses. Public safety accounts for thirty-five percent (35%). Public works account for thirty percent (30%). Health and human services account for one percent (1%). Culture, recreation and education account for nine percent (9%). Interest accounts for one percent (1%).

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide such information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2024, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$498,563 a decrease of \$105,718 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately eighty-five percent (85%) of this total amount, \$424,468, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance of \$74,095 is not available for new spending because it is either non-spendable (prepaid items) or has been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

General Fund

The general fund is the main operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current year the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$424,468, while the total fund balance was \$481,158. As a measure of the general funds' liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately thirty-two percent (32%) of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources used to make payments on long-term debt. During 2024, \$212,792 of long-term debt principal was paid off. The fund balance increased by \$487.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the year, actual revenues were over the final budget by \$51,027 or four percent (4%) of the final budget. Actual expenditures were over the final budget by \$126,990 or nine percent (10%).

Capital Assets

The Village's net investment in capital assets amounts to \$2,006,233. The total increase in the Village's net investment in capital assets for the current year was \$190,718. Below is a schedule of the Village's net investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

		2024		2023
Land	\$	438,037	\$	438,037
Buildings and improvements		1,294,704		1,285,031
Vehicles		364,471		336,962
Machinery and equipment		227,167		227,167
Land improvements		684,069		563,544
Infrastructure		3,664,179		3,664,179
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	(4,589,258)	_	(4,436,493)
Net Capital Assets		2,083,369		2,078,427
Less: outstanding debt	_	(77,136)	_	(289,928)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$_	2,006,233	\$_	1,788,499

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had a total long-term debt outstanding of \$77,136. The following is a detail of the debt the village has outstanding:

	_	2024	 2023
Notes and loans from direct borrowings Capital lease	\$	77,136	\$ 286,089 3,839
Total debt	\$ _	77,136	\$ 289,928

Contacting the Village's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the Village's finances. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Evelyn Etten, Administrator Village Clerk/Treasurer
Phone: (262) 392-2771
130 N. Harrison Street
North Prairie, WI 53153
Phone: (262) 392-2936
clerk@northprairiewi.gov

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2024

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$	1,178,445
Property taxes receivable		514,132
Other accounts receivable		25,613
Total current assets		1,718,190
Non-current assets		
Capital assets, net of depreciation		2,083,369
Total non-current assets		2,083,369
Total assets	\$	3,801,559
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term obligations	\$	77,136
Accounts payable		117,378
Accrued payroll		30,802
Deferred revenue		5,946
Other accrued liabilities		17,550
Total current liabilities		248,812
Total liabilities		248,812
Deferred inflows of resources		
Subsequent year's tax levy		1,049,008
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,049,008
Toal liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		1,297,820
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,006,233
Restricted		21,249
Unrestricted		476,257
Total net position	\$	2,503,739

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2024

			Progran		Net (Expense)				
Primary Government:		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Direct expenses:									
General government	\$	365,315	\$ 37,381	\$	6,214 \$	\$	(321,720)		
Public safety		527,618	50,529		16,080		(461,009)		
Public works		447,434	43,692		36,207		(367,535)		
Health and human services		8,861	-		44,970		36,109		
Culture, recreation and education		145,116	1,305		-		(143,811)		
Indirect expenses:									
Interest and other related charges		9,382					(9,382)		
Total governmental activities	\$	1,503,726	\$ 132,907	\$	103,471	\$	(1,267,348)		
	Property taxes General purposes Debt service Grants not restricted to specific programs Investment income Video service provider fee Miscellaneous Total general revenues								
	C	hange in net posi	ition				116,124		
	N	et position - Beg	inning of year				2,344,769		
	C	orrection of error	r				42,846		
	N	et position - End	of year		9	\$_	2,503,739		

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2024

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		ARPA		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					_		_		
Cash and investments	\$	1,046,038	\$	-	\$	128,655	\$	3,752 \$	1,178,445
Accounts receivable									
Taxes		393,718		120,414		-		-	514,132
Other		25,613		-		-		-	25,613
Due from other funds		170,931	_	186,899	_	-		<u> </u>	357,830
Total assets	\$	1,636,300	\$_	307,313	\$ _	128,655	\$	3,752 \$	2,076,020
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	?								
Accounts payable	\$	116,321	\$	_	\$	_	\$	- \$	116,321
Due to other funds	Ψ	186,899	Ψ	61,283	Ψ	109,147	Ψ	501	357,830
Unearned revenue		-		-		5,946		-	5,946
Accrued salaries and wages		30,802		_		-		_	30,802
Deposits payable		17,550		_		_		-	17,550
Total liabilities		351,572	_	61,283	· –	115,093		501	528,449
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Subsequent year's tax levy		803,570		245,438					1,049,008
Total deferred inflows of resources		803,570	_	245,438		-			1,049,008
Fund balances:									
Restricted		3,844		592		13,562		3,251	21,249
Assigned		52,846		-		-		-	52,846
Unassigned		424,468	_	-		-	_	<u> </u>	424,468
Total fund balances		481,158	_	592	_	13,562		3,251	498,563
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$	1,636,300	\$	307,313	\$_	128,655	\$	3,752 \$	2,076,020

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2024

Total fund balances - Governmental funds			\$	498,563
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore				
are not reported in the funds. See detailed items as follows:				
Cost of capital assets	\$	6,672,627		
Less - accumulated depreciation		(4,589,258)	_	
			='	2,083,369
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Villages' governmental activities are not due				
and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund				
liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the				
Statement of Net Position. See detailed items below:				
Notes and loans payable	\$	77,136		
Accrued interest on long-term obligations		1,057	_	
	_		_	(78,193)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	2,503,739

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2024

		General		Debt Service				Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental
		Fund		Fund		ARPA		Funds		Funds
REVENUES	_				_					
Taxes	\$	801,754	\$	222,767	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,024,521
Intergovernmental		215,783		-		160,197		-		375,980
Licenses and permits		48,868		-		-		-		48,868
Fines and forfeits		14,187		-						14,187
Public charges for services		48,545		-		-		-		48,545
Intergovernmental charges for services		36,342		-		-		-		36,342
Interest		48,146		-		9,758				57,904
Miscellaneous		13,503	_	-		-		-		13,503
Total revenues	_	1,227,128	_	222,767	_	169,955		-		1,619,850
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		344,035		-		-		-		344,035
Public safety		499,785		-		-		-		499,785
Public works		318,705		-		-		-		318,705
Health and human services		627		-		-		-		627
Culture, recreation and education		113,263		-		-		-		113,263
Capital outlays		62,674		-		160,197		-		222,871
Debt service:										
Principal		3,839		208,953		-		-		212,792
Interest		163	_	13,327		-	_	-	_	13,490
Total expenditures	_	1,343,091	_	222,280	_	160,197		-		1,725,568
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
under expenditures	_	(115,963)	_	487		9,758		-		(105,718)
Net change in fund balances		(115,963)		487		9,758		-		(105,718)
Fund balance - Beginning of year		554,275		105		3,804		3,251		561,435
Correction of error	_	42,846			_	-				42,846
Fund balance - End of year	\$_	481,158	\$_	592	\$_	13,562	\$_	3,251	\$	498,563

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - Governmental funds		\$	(105,718)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements	\$	190,718	
Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities	_	(185,776)	4,942
Capital leases and long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of capital lease and long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded			7,/72
payments. Proceeds from long-term debt	\$	_	
Principal payments on long-term debt and leases		212,792	212,792
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Accrued interest		<u>.</u>	4,108
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	116,124

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2024

DENTINUES	_	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	Φ.	001 (75 ф	001.655ф	001 554	T O
Taxes	\$	801,675 \$	801,675 \$	801,754	
Intergovernmental		196,872	196,872	215,783	18,911
Licenses and permits		55,690	55,690	42,729	(12,961)
Fines and forfeits		15,400	15,400	14,187	(1,213)
Public charges for services		20,440	20,440	50,977	30,537
Intergovernmental charges for services		34,724	34,724	36,342	1,618
Interest		31,500	31,500	48,146	16,646
Miscellaneous	_	19,800	19,800	17,210	(2,590)
Total revenues	_	1,176,101	1,176,101	1,227,128	51,027
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		287,105	287,105	344,034	(56,929)
Public safety		520,670	520,670	499,785	20,885
Public works		265,573	265,573	318,705	(53,132)
Health and human services		578	578	627	(49)
Culture, recreation and education		117,738	117,738	113,264	4,474
Conservation and development		2,107	2,107	-	2,107
Capital outlays		22,330	22,330	62,674	(40,344)
Debt service			-		
Principal		-	-	3,839	(3,839)
Interest		-	-	163	(163)
Total expenditures		1,216,101	1,216,101	1,343,091	(126,990)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	_	(40,000)	(40,000)	(115,963)	(75,963)
Net change in fund balance		(40,000)	(40,000)	(115,963)	(75,963)
Fund balances - Beginning of year		554,275	554,275	554,275	-
Error correction	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	42,846	42,846
Fund balances - End of year	\$_	514,275 \$	514,275 \$	481,158	\$ (33,117)

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2024

		Tax
	Collection	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,538,539
Taxes receivable		1,481,823
Total assets		3,020,363
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Due to other taxing units:		
School districts	\$	2,423,072
Waukesha County		597,291
Total liabilities		3,020,363
NET POSITION		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,020,363

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Tax
	 Collection
ADDITIONS	
Taxes collected on behalf of other governments	\$ 2,204,028
Total additions	 2,204,028
DEDUCTIONS	
Taxes remitted to other taxing entities	 2,204,028
Total deductions	 2,204,028
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-
Net position at beginning	
Net position at end	\$ -

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Village of North Prairie, Wisconsin included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASS) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the Village of North Prairie. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and can impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government. This report does not contain any component units.

B. BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. The Village does not report any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements

Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self- balancing accounts, which constitute its assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental, proprietary and fiduciary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The Village reports the following major funds:

General fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt.

ARPA Fund - The ARPA fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures allowable under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

The Village reports the following non-major governmental fund:

Impact Fee Fund - The impact fee fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

In addition, the Village reports the following fund type:

Custodial Fund - The custodial fund accounts for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other government units.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year which they are levied.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Unearned revenue represents resources related to certain grants, which have been received, but not yet earned

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.

All major revenue sources are considered available (susceptible to accrual) with the exception of certain intergovernmental revenues, which are reported under the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are recorded as unearned revenue. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the liability is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, and judgments, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

The Village reports deferred inflows of resources on its governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows arise when potential revenue does not meet the available criteria for recognition in the current period. These include taxes levied in the current year but are for subsequent year's operations. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided Deferred inflows also include special assessments which are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Wisconsin municipalities are authorized by statute to invest idle funds in the following institutions and investments:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company or savings and loan association, which is authorized to transact business in this state.
- b. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the federal government or by a commission, board or other instrumentality of the government.
- c. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of this state.
- d. Bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district, local professional football stadium district or local cultural arts district.
- e. Bonds issued by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- f. Any security which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than 7 years of the date on which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or 2nd highest rating category assigned by Standard & Pear's corporation, Moody's investors service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency or if that security is senior to, or on a parity with, a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.
- g. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust (mutual fund), if the portfolio is limited to the following:
 - 1. Bonds and securities issued by the federal government or a commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government.
 - 2. Bonds that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the federal government or a commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government.
 - 3. Repurchase agreements fully collateralized by bonds or securities under (g) 1 or 2.
- h. Bonds or securities issued under the authority of the municipality, whether the bonds or securities create a general municipality liability or a liability of the property owners of the municipality for special improvements and may sell or hypothecate the bonds or securities.
- i. The Local Government Pooled Investment Fund.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

j. Repurchase agreements with public depositories if federal bonds or securities secure the agreement.

Investments made during 2024 were held in the Village's name and were in accordance with those allowable by state statutes.

E. RECEIVABLES

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the Village, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school and technical college districts. Taxes for all local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying custodial fund statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar –2024 tax roll:

Lien and levy date	December 2024
Tax bills mailed	December 2024
Real property taxes:	
Payment in full, or first installment due	January 31, 2025
Second installment payable to County	July 31, 2025
Special assessments and special charges, in full	January 31, 2025
Tax settlements with taxing jurisdictions:	
First settlement	January 15, 2025
Second settlement	February 20, 2025
Third settlement	August 20, 2025
Tax sale, 2024 delinquent taxes	October 2027

After January 31, real property taxes, delinquent special assessments and special charges are turned over to the county treasurer for collection. The Village maintains responsibility for collection of delinquent personal property taxes.

F. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventory in the general fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is valued at cost on a first in, first out basis. Costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are offset as nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that inventories do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net position.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS (Continued)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The minimum capitalization threshold used by the Village is \$5,000.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	15-40	Years
Vehicles	7-20	Years
Machinery and equipment	5-20	Years
Land improvements	15-40	Years
Infrastructure	10-75	Years

Prior to 2004. infrastructure assets including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, water utility and drainage systems, and lighting systems of governmental funds were not capitalized. Upon implementing GASB 34, governmental units were required to account for all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statements. As allowed under the reporting standards the Village elected to report its infrastructure prospectively from the date of implementation.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized, and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

H. ALLOWANCES FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

No Allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long term interfund loans (non-current portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

J. LONG-TERM OBLIGATION

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of state trust fund loans and promissory notes payable. Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) is reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures

K. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental funds. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements.

The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the Government-wide financial statements as expense when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and right-of-use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- b. Restricted Consists of net position with constraints placed on use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further categorized into five classifications based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. These five classifications are non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

- a. Non-spendable -Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted -Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- c. Committed These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Village Board, the government's highest level of decisionmaking authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund Statements (Continued)

- d. Assigned This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the Village's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The Village Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed.
- e. Unassigned -All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The Village has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. In these circumstances GASS Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds are to be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

N. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1 (C). The Village prepares an annual budget for the general and debt service funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Village does not budget for the impact fee or the ARPA fund. The general fund budget is adopted at the departmental level of expenditure. The debt service fund is adopted at the functional level of expenditure.

Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget prior to Village Board approval. The budget is legally enacted prior to December 31 through approval of the Village Board.

Subsequent to the enactment of the budget, the Village Board has the authority to make amendments to the budget, which may result in changes in total appropriations. Such amendments require approval of two-thirds of the governing body with notice of such change being given by publication within 15 days in the official Village newspaper. There were no amendments made during the year.

Note 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

General fund expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts at the legally adopted levels as follows:

	Excess			
Fund Function	Expenditures			
General government	\$	56,930		
Public works	\$	53,132		
Health and human services	\$	49		
Capital outlays	\$	40,344		
Debt service	\$	4,002		

Limitations of the Village's Tax Levy

Wisconsin Statute 66.0602 limits the Village's property tax levy, with exceptions, to its prior tax levy, increased by the percentage change in the Village's equalized value due to new construction. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

Note 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Village's deposits at December 31, 2024 were comprised of the following:

	Bank		Carrying	
	 Balance	_	Value	Associated Risks
Time and demand deposits	\$ 1,668,069	\$	2,716,984	Custodial credit risk

The difference between the carrying value and bank balance is due to deposits in transit and outstanding checks. Reconciliation of the carrying values of the deposits to the statement of net position and statement of fiduciary net position is as follows:

Per statement of net position	\$ 1,178,445
Per statement of Fiduciary Net Position	 1,538,539
	_
Total cash and investment balances	\$ 2,716,984

All time and savings deposits owned by the Village and held by the Village's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State of Wisconsin are combined and insured up to \$250,000. Separately, all demand deposits owned by the Village and held by the Village's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State of Wisconsin are combined and insured up to \$250,000. For the purpose of these rules, the term 'time and savings deposits' includes NOW accounts and money market deposit accounts.

Note 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

The term 'demand deposits' means both interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits that are payable on demand and for which the depository institution does not reserve the right to require advance notice of an intended withdrawal. For accounts held by the Village located outside the State of Wisconsin, all time, savings, and demand deposits are combined within each depository institution and insured up to \$250,000.

In addition to FDIC insurance, there is insurance currently available through the State of Wisconsin depository insurance program, which would provide a maximum of \$1,000,000 of insurance on deposits in any one institution. The amount available to fund the entire Wisconsin program is limited and, therefore, the actual benefits available at a time of claim would depend upon the remaining balance in the state fund. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2024, \$353,504 of the Village's uninsured bank balance was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution in excess of federal depository insurance limits.

Fluctuating cash flows during January and December, due to tax collections, result in temporary cash and investment balances, which significantly exceed insured amounts, until settlement with the respective taxing jurisdictions during the following month. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Note 4 RECEIVABLES

Governmental fund financial statements report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of the Village's receivables included deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental fund financial statements and were as follows:

		Unearned		<u>Unavailable</u>		<u>Total</u>
Current year property tax receivable						
General Fund	\$	393,718	\$	-	\$	393,718
Debt service fund	_	120,414		-		120,414
Total tax receivable	\$_	514,132	_\$_	-	_\$_	514,132

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	_	Balance 1/1/24	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/24
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$_	438,037	\$ 	\$ \$	438,037
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		1,285,031	9,673	-	1,294,704
Vehicles		336,962	60,520	(33,011)	364,471
Machinery and equipment		227,167	-	-	227,167
Land improvements		563,544	120,525	-	684,069
Infrastructure	_	3,664,179			3,664,179
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	6,076,883	190,718	(33,011)	6,234,590
Total capital assets	_	6,514,920	190,718	(33,011)	6,672,627
Less - Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements		858,578	40,747	-	899,325
Vehicles		276,553	24,304	(33,011)	267,846
Machinery and equipment		167,157	8,067	-	175,224
Land improvements		309,302	25,540	-	334,842
Infrastructure	_	2,824,903	87,118		2,912,021
Total accumulated depreciation	_	4,436,493	185,776	(33,011)	4,589,258
Net capital assets	\$_	2,078,427	\$ 4,942	\$ \$	2,083,369

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General activities	
General government	\$ 21,280
Public safety	26,820
Public works	106,963
Culture, recreation and education	 30,713
	\$ 185,776

Note 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	_	Balance 12/31/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/24	Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities:						
Notes and loans from direct borrowings:						
Local banks	\$	286,089	\$ -	\$ 208,953 \$	77,136	77,136
State trust fund		-	-	-	-	-
Capital lease payable	-	3,839	 -	 3,839		
Totals	\$_	289,928	\$ -	\$ 212,792 \$	77,136	77,136

B. All general obligation bonds and notes payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Debt in governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies accumulated by the debt service fund The Village's outstanding notes with local banks include a provision that in an event of default the outstanding balance, at the option of the lender, without notice matures and becomes immediately payable. The Village's capital lease was for a mower. The agreement requires payment of \$4,002, including interest of 4.2%. The Village received title to this equipment upon delivery with the lessor retaining a security interest. The Village is responsible for maintaining and insuring the equipment. The agreement includes provisions that in an event of default, the Village will return the equipment to the lessor and possibly liable for other liquidated damages. The following is a list of long-term obligations at December 31, 2024:

						В	alance	A	mounts
	Date of		Interest	(Original	Ou	tstanding	Du	e Within
Type	Issue	Maturity	Rate		Amount	12/	31/2024	Oı	ne Year
2023 Promissory note	10/10/23	10/10/25	5.75%	\$	150,000	\$	77,136	\$	77,136
Total General Obligation De	bt					\$	77,136	\$	77,136

C. Debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation debt are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31	_Principal_	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 77,136	\$ 4,497	\$ 81,633
Totals	\$ 77,136	\$ 4,497	\$ 81,633

Note 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

D. Interest expensed and paid on long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$9,383 and \$13,490 respectively.

The 2024 equalized valuation of the Village as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$385,482,900. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2024 in accordance with Section 67.03(1)(b) of the Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt limit (5% of \$385,482,900)	\$	19,274,145
Deduct long-term debts applicable to debt margin	_	77,136
Margin on indebtedness	\$_	19,197,009

Note 7 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION

Unrestricted

Governmental activities net position reported on the Government Wide Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2024 includes the following:

Net investment in capital assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,083,369
Less - Related long-term debt outstanding	 (77,136)
Total net investment in capital assets	 2,006,233
Restricted	
General fund - police donations	3,844
Debt service	592

Debt service	592
ARPA fund	13,562
Impact fee fund	3,251
Total restricted	21,249

Total governmental activities net position \$	2,503,739
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476,257

Note 8 GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2024 include the following:

Restricted		
General fund - police donations	\$	3,844
Debt service		592
ARPA fund		13,562
Impact fee fund		3,251
Total restricted fund balance		21,249
Assigned		
General fund - future capital projects		10,000
General fund - future court costs	_	42,846
Total assigned fund balance	_	52,846
Unassigned	_	424,468
	-	
Total governmental fund balances	\$	498,563

Note 9 JOINT MUNICIPAL COURT

In 1994, pursuant to Sections 66.30 and 755.01(4) of the Wisconsin Statutes, the Village entered into an agreement with the Town of Mukwonago to create a joint municipal court. This agreement was subsequently amended to include the Village of Eagle, the Town of Eagle and the Village of Vernon.

The municipal judge is elected to two-year terms by electors in the respective municipalities and, with the exception of matters required by state statute to be determined by the respective governing bodies, is responsible for the general operations of the court. The judge prepares an annual budget for the court, which is subsequently submitted to, and approved by the joint members no later than December 1. Operating costs of the court are apportioned to each member based upon the respective percentage of court cases from the preceding year. Capital expenditures for furniture and equipment are shared equally.

Total court costs for 2024 were \$32,181 of which \$3,240 was apportioned to the Village. In addition, the Village received \$4,600 for rental of office space to the court at the Village Hall in 2024.

Any member may withdraw from this agreement by providing the judge and the other members with written notice no later than August 31 of the final year of the judge's current term, with termination occurring at the end of the term.

Note 10 JOINT FIRE DEPARTMENT

The Village entered into an agreement to become part of the Kettle Moraine Fire District (KMFD) effective January 1, 2022. In addition to the Village, the joint fire department includes the Village of Eagle and the Town of Eagle. The joint fire department provides fire protection, emergency medical services, rescue operations, haz-mat services, fire prevention and education, and inspections to those municipalities.

Each municipality's annual financial contribution to the Fire District's budget, for the initial five-year period, is based on the agreed percentages set during the formation of the Fire District with the Village of North Prairie contributing 37%. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Village incurred expenditures of \$266,459 which were the four quarterly assessments for its share of the costs. Requests for financial information can be made at 126 E. Main Street, Eagle, WI 53119

All fire related capital assets owned by the municipalities at the inception of the District were transferred to KMFD. This included vehicles and equipment from the Village with a net value of \$388,499. The Village will continue to own the fire station and lease it to the District for \$100 per year.

Note 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; worker's compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the last three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Note 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position.

Note 13 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2023 including any overdrafts on pooled cash accounts. These amounts are all due within one year:

	Due From Due		Due to
	Other Funds		Other Funds
Governmental Activities			
General fund	\$ 170,931	\$	186,899
Debt service fund	186,899		61,283
ARPA fund	-		109,147
Impact fee fund			501
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 357,830	\$	357,830

The principal purpose of these interfunds is to cover overdrafts of cash. All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. For the statement of net position, interfund balances which are owed within the governmental activities are netted and eliminated.

Note 14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events for possible recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were available to be distributed October 10, 2025. In 2025, the Village approved borrowing of up to \$245,000 for the purpose of financing road repairs. As of the report date, \$201,694 had been drawn on this borrowing.

Note 15 ERROR CORRECTION

The beginning of the year net position in the statement of activities and the fund balance in the general fund reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances has been restated for an error correction. At December 31, 2023, a running balance of the Village's share of court fees was shown as deferred revenue in both the statement of net position and balance sheet totaling \$42,846. This is related to the difference between assessed court fees received and actual costs reported by the clerk of courts. Through subsequent discovery, there is no support for these amounts as deferred revenue as these are deemed to be imposed nonexchange transactions and there are not restrictions on these fees. The amounts should have been recognized as revenue in the year received. The Village is assigning this fund balance for future court costs, see Note 8.

Note 16 RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures
- Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements
- Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET GENERAL FUND

	D14	. A L .					Variance
	Budgete Original	ea Ai	mounts Final		A atrial		with
Taxes	Original		rmai	-	Actual	-	Final Budget
General Property \$	801,325	\$	801,325	\$	801,325	\$	_
Manged forest land	350	Ψ	350	Ψ	429	Ψ	79
Wanged forest and	801,675		801,675	-	801,754	•	79
	001,075	_	001,075	_	001,751	-	
Intergovernmental							
State shared revenues	103,398		103,398		102,360		(1,038)
Fire issuance dues	-		-		14,868		14,868
State transportation	46,000		46,000		44,970		(1,030)
Police training aids	800		800		720		(80)
Public safety aid	500		500		_		(500)
Exempt computer aids	2,640		2,640		2,640		-
State recycling grants	5,400		5,400		5,407		7
LRIP grant	-		-		30,800		30,800
Personal property aids	2,338		2,338		2,338		-
Video service provider aids	5,466		5,466		5,466		-
CDBG grant	22,330		22,330		-		(22,330)
Other federal aids		_	-		6,214		6,214
	188,872		188,872		215,783		26,911
License and permits							
Business licenses	3,000		3,000		3,159		159
Video service provider fee	22,000		22,000		19,750		(2,250)
Animal licenses	620		620		840		220
Building permits	30,000		30,000		18,980		(11,020)
Burn permits	-		-		6,139		6,139
State UDC stamps	70	_	70	_	-	_	(70)
	55,690	_	55,690	_	48,868		(6,822)
Fines and Forfeits							
Court fines	15,000		15,000		13,937		(1,063)
Parking ticket fines	400		400		250		(150)
Turking deket intes	15,400	_	15,400	_	14,187	-	(1,213)
			12,.00	_	1 1,107	-	(1,210)
Public Charges for services							
Application form fees	1,200		1,200		436		(764)
Tax search fees	800		800		605		(195)
Publication fees	500		500		75		(425)
Sale of water	10,000		10,000		28,705		18,705
Legal fees reimbursed	100		100		-		(100)
House numbers	40		40		-		(40)
Park reservation fees	3,500		3,500		1,305		(2,195)
Highway maintenance	2,000		2,000		12,712		10,712
Weed cutting	-		-		2,275		2,275
Other	2,300	_	2,300		2,432	_	132
	2 3,9 40	_	20,440	_	48,545	_	28,105
							·

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND

								Variance
		Budgete	ed A	mounts	_			with
		Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget
Intergovernmental charges for service	-		_				•	
Shared municipal court costs	\$	34,724	\$	34,724	\$	31,622	\$	(3,102)
KMFD reimbursable utilities		8,000	_	8,000	_	4,720	_	(3,280)
	-	42,724	_	42,724	_	36,342	•	(6,382)
Interest								
Investments		31,500	_	31,500	_	48,146	_	16,646
	-	31,500	-	31,500	_	48,146		16,646
Miscellaneous								
Hall rental		10,000		10,000		4,716		(5,284)
Insurance dividend		800		800		659		(141)
Donations		5,000		5,000		2,896		(2,104)
Sale of assets		-		-		5,232		5,232
Other	_	4,000		4,000		-		(4,000)
	-	19,800	· -	19,800		13,503		(6,297)
Total Revenues	\$	1,176,101	\$_	1,176,101	\$_	1,227,128	\$	51,027

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET GENERAL FUND

				Variance	
	Budgeted Amounts			with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
General government					
Village board	17,259	17,259	19,849	(2,590)	
Clerk/Treasurer	120,235	120,235	108,936	11,299	
Elections	10,700	10,700	7,800	2,900	
Assessment of property	8,355	8,355	10,046	(1,691)	
Audit and accoutning	25,000	25,000	70,821	(45,821)	
Legal	12,900	12,900	21,925	(9,025)	
Village hall	22,320	22,320	33,102	(10,782)	
Insurance	34,000	34,000	32,450	1,550	
Municipal justice	35,336	35,336	32,181	3,155	
Other general government	1,000	1,000	6,924	(5,924)	
	287,105	287,105	344,034	(56,929)	
Public safety					
Police	228,441	228,441	193,968	34,473	
Fire and rescue	268,929	268,929	291,117	(22,188)	
Building inspection	23,300	23,300	14,700	8,600	
	520,670	520,670	499,785	20,885	
Public works					
Refuse collection	113,611	113,611	137,517	(23,906)	
Recycling	48,945	48,945	24,560	24,385	
Pump house	1,200	1,200	940	260	
NR 216 compliance	4,500	4,500	7,002	(2,502)	
Civic pride	150	150	99	51	
Engineering	2,200	2,200	5,139	(2,939)	
Highway and transportation	94,967	94,967	143,448	(48,481)	
righway and transportation	265,573	265,573	318,705	(53,132)	
	200,070	200,010		(65,162)	
Health and human services	550	570	607	(40)	
Animal control	578	578	627	(49)	
	578	578	627	(49)	
Culture, recreation and education					
Parks	112,738	112,738	113,264	(526)	
Recreation	5,000	5,000		5,000	
	117,738	117,738	113,264	4,474	
Conservation and development					
Planner fees and commission	2,107	2,107	-	2,107	
	2,107	2,107		2,107	

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND

	-	Budgete Original	ed A	amounts Final	. <u>–</u>	Actual	<u>-</u>	Variance with Final Budget
Capital outlays			_		_		_	
General government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		-		-		61,534		(61,534)
Public works		-		-		-		-
Parks	_	22,330		22,330	_	1,140	_	21,190
	-	22,330		22,330	_	62,674		(40,344)
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		3,839		(3,839)
Interest	_	-		-	_	163		(163)
	-	-		-		4,002	-	(4,002)
Total Expense	\$_	1,216,101	\$	1,216,101	\$	1,343,091	\$	(126,990)

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET DEBT SERVICE FUND

							Variance
	_	Budgeted	d A				with
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues							
General property tax	\$_	222,767	\$_	222,767	\$_	222,767	\$
Total Revenues	_	222,767	_	222,767	_	222,767	
Expenditures							
Debt Service:							
Principal		209,479		209,479		208,953	526
Interest	-	13,288	_	13,288	_	13,327	(39)
Total Expenditures	_	222,767	_	222,767	_	222,280	487
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	_		_		_	487	(487)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		487	(487)
Fund Balances, beginning of year	_	105	_	105	_	105	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ _	105	\$_	105	\$_	592	\$ (487)

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	_	Impact Fee Fund	. <u> </u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$_	3,752	\$_	3,752
Total Assets	\$ _	3,752	\$_	3,752
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Due to other funds	\$_	501	\$_	501
Total Liabilites	_	501		501
Fund Balances				
Restricted		3,251		3,251
Total Fund Balances	_	3,251		3,251
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	3,752	\$_	3,752

VILLAGE OF NORTH PRAIRIE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Total
				Nonmajor
		Impact Fee		Governmental
	_	Fund	_	Funds
Revenues				
Total Revenues	\$_	-	\$_	
Expenditures				
Total Expenditures	_	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-
Fund Balances, beginning of year	_	3,251	. –	3,251
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$_	3,251	\$	3,251

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors Village of North Prairie North Prairie, Wisconsin

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of North Prairie as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of North Prairie's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of North Prairie's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of North Prairie's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of North Prairie's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village of North Prairie's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We consider the following deficiencies 2024-001 through 2024-006 to be material weaknesses.

2024-001

Financial Statement Preparation:

Criteria: Government Auditing Standards considers the inability to report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) to be an internal control deficiency.

Condition: The Village's internal control over financial reporting extends through completion of the general ledger, but not to preparation of financial statements and notes. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements including adjustments required under GASS #34, and the accompanying notes to the financial statements. Because the Village relies on the auditor to provide the necessary understanding of current accounting and disclosure principles and draft the financial statements and accompanying notes, a significant deficiency exists in the Village's internal controls.

Effect: As a result of not having an individual on staff to prepare complete financial statements, the Village has an internal control deficiency.

Cause: Management and those charged with governance have accepted this condition because of cost.

Recommendation: We recommend that management and those charged with governance continue to evaluate whether to accept the risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Management's Response: The Village does not have the resources and/or staff to prepare the statements and notes but will continue to oversee the auditor's services and review and approve the financial statements and notes and accept responsibility for them. Towards the end of 2024, the Village hired an Administrator/Clerk/Treasurer, who does provide the Village with monthly revenue and expenditure reports for their review.

2024-002

Limited Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Proper internal control requires segregation of accounting duties to mitigate the risk of errors and misstatements due to fraud.

Condition: The Village operates its internal accounting function with principally one individual which is not a proper segregation of duties.

Effect: The Village has an internal control deficiency due to this situation.

Cause: Due to the small size of the Village, limited staff results in lack of segregation of duties.

Recommendation: We recommend management and those charged with governance maintain strict oversight over the accounting function.

Management's Response: The Village does not have the resources to maintain the level of accounting staff necessary for proper segregation of duties. They will continue to review processes and procedures to maintain the greatest level of segregation of duties possible with limited staff and ensure oversight of major processes is maintained by management and the board where needed. The new Administrator/Clerk/Treasurer has prior municipal experience and has hired a part-time Deputy Clerk in 2025. This should allow for more segregation of duties.

2024-003

Journal Entry Review

Criteria: Internal controls surrounding the journal entry posting and review process should be outlined in a formal policy.

Condition: The Village has no formal policy for, nor evidence of, an independent review and approval of journal entries.

Effect: The Village has an internal control deficiency due to this situation. This provides an opportunity for incorrect or fraudulent journal entries to be made and not detected.

Cause: The Village has no written policies for the preparation, posting and review of journal entries.

Recommendation: We recommend all journal entries be reviewed by an individual separate from the preparer and approved prior to posting in the system to prevent the posting of improper entries.

Management's Response: All journal entries will be reviewed by a different individual from the journal entry preparer, approved before posting and initialed afterwards.

2024-004

Fixed Asset Tracking

Criteria: Proper internal control requires there to be policies and procedures in place to ensure that the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the Village are properly tracked and accounted for.

Condition: The Village's procedures for tracking additions and disposals of fixed assets are not sufficient to ensure all additions and disposals are identified in a timely manner.

Effect: The Village was unable to provide a complete list of fixed asset additions and disposals, and therefore there is a risk that the ending balances of fixed asset accounts are misstated.

Cause: The Village does not have a formal process to review and maintain an accurate listing of fixed assets.

Recommendation: We recommend management and those charged with governance review large purchases that require capitalization during the year and maintain a list of any additions and disposals during the year.

Management's Response: The Village will start to log purchases over \$5,000 that will require capitalization during the year and maintain a list of any additions and/or disposals of assets. The new Village Administrator/Clerk/Treasurer is updating policy and procedures as necessary.

2024-005

Material Adjustments

Criteria: Proper internal control requires there to be policies and procedures in place to ensure assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the Village are accurately stated. The adjustments made during the audit were material to the financial statements.

Condition: The Village did not have procedures in place to find and correct material adjustments.

Effect: As a result of not having procedures in place to review the financial statements for accuracy, material misstatements could be made and not detected by management.

Cause: There was personnel turnover at the Village including key management. Mistakes were made during the year and were not corrected or detected by the new management of the Village.

Recommendation: We recommend that management and those charged with governance ensure policies and procedures are in place and followed to ensure all accounts are accurately stated.

Management's response: A turnover in key personnel, lack of accounting experience and software knowledge resulted in entries being posted to the wrong accounts. Additional training and oversight will be instituted to help reduce the number of incorrect entries into the Village's accounting system. Prior to the audit, the new Administrator/Clerk/Treasurer discovered items mis-coded and corrected them. In addition, the Administrator/Clerk/Treasurer discovered that the option (in settings) to be able to post a cash receipt to multiple accounts was not turned on, thus a direct result of why so many cash receipts were mis-coded. This has been rectified.

2024-006

Bank Reconciliations

Criteria: Bank Reconciliations should be accurately prepared on a timely basis and reviewed by an individual separate from the preparer.

Condition: The Village did not complete cash reconciliations accurately throughout the year. There was no documentation of review of bank account reconciliation once prepared. Adjustments made during the audit to cash accounts were material to the financial statements.

Effect: As a result of not preparing bank reconciliations properly, there is an opportunity for bank accounts to be misstated and not detected. There is also a possibility that fraud or theft of cash could occur and not be detected.

Cause: There was personnel turnover at the Village including key management. Mistakes were made during the year and were not corrected or detected by the new management of the Village.

Recommendation: We recommend that bank reconciliations are completed monthly, agree to the general ledger, and have no unreconciled difference. The board should review these reconciliations at monthly meetings to ensure the accuracy of these reports.

Management's response: A turnover in key personnel resulted in issues with accounts being reconciled in a timely manner. Going forward, all accounts will be balanced monthly, and a Board member will review the reconciliations to verify they are done and correct.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of North Prairie's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* as follows.

Other Matters

General and Debt Service fund budget to actual variations

In reviewing the budget to actual comparisons for the general fund, we noted there were large budget overages in various functions of the general fund. These are likely due to incorrectly budgeting of items that are recognized for financial statement purposes, such as the allocation of benefits and payroll taxes to the function where the underlying wage is posted, incorrect estimate of principal and interest to be paid and other factors not accounted for in the budget. Wisconsin statute 65.90 (5) (a) provides for procedures to amend the budget, which include approval of 2/3 of the City Board. Pursuant to Wisconsin Statute 66.0607 (7), no order may be issued in excess of funds available or appropriated by a resolution adopted by a 2/3rds vote of the entire membership (i.e. budget). We also recommend that the budget process (65.90) be reviewed and amendments made at the end of the year, if necessary to bring in compliance with state statutes for expenditures in excess of the budget (66.0607 (7)).

We can be of assistance in helping prepare budgets that more reasonably compare to actual results using the modified cash basis of accounting for the general fund.

Village's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village's response to the findings identified in our audit and described previously. The Village's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Eau Claire, Wisconsin October 10, 2025